

How to install the OHIE Stack for DATIM Global

Step 1 Create the ubuntu environment

The minimum hardware requirements below are suggested for a new DATIM4U implementation. Requirements will be highly dependent upon how you intend to use the DATIM Global implementation and the amount of data being stored and processed.

- Quad core CPU
- 32 GB Memory
- At least 500 GB of disk space
- Ubuntu 14.04 64-bit
- Internet access
- It is also recommended that the installer consider the time zone setting. The DATIM-Global system uses UTC.
- Ports to be open

```
maurya@test3:/etc/nginx/sites-available$ netstat -tulnp | grep LISTEN
(No info could be read for -p": geteuid()=1003 but you should be root.)
tcp        0      0 0.0.0.0:0.22          0.0.0.0:*        LISTEN
tcp        0      0 0.0.0.0:0.8443       0.0.0.0:*        LISTEN
tcp        0      0 0.0.0.0:0.443        0.0.0.0:*        LISTEN
tcp        0      0 0.0.0.0:0.5008       0.0.0.0:*        LISTEN
tcp        0      0 0.0.0.0:0.5003       0.0.0.0:*        LISTEN
tcp        0      0 0.127.0.0.1:27817    0.0.0.0:*        LISTEN
tcp        0      0 0.127.0.0.1:7786     0.0.0.0:*        LISTEN
tcp        0      0 0.127.0.0.1:7787     0.0.0.0:*        LISTEN
tcp        0      0 0.127.0.0.1:7788     0.0.0.0:*        LISTEN
tcp        0      0 0.0.0.0:0.5008       0.0.0.0:*        LISTEN
tcp        0      0 0.0.0.0:0.88         0.0.0.0:*        LISTEN
tcp        0      0 0.127.0.0.1:5012     0.0.0.0:*        LISTEN
tcp6       0      0 :::22                :::*              LISTEN
tcp6       0      0 :::8984               :::*              LISTEN
tcp6       0      0 :::8985               :::*              LISTEN
tcp6       0      0 :::1984               :::*              LISTEN
```

Add credentials for developers or support personnel who need sudo access to the box.

1.1 Open ports needed for the OpenHim.Port 5008 and 5000 have to be open for OpenHIM to functions

Step 2 Install software

Depending upon the need for the environment (testing, production or other need), the installer will need to determine which versions of the OpenHIM and OpenInfoman packaging to install.

2.1 Add software repositories

Using the following commands, add the necessary software repositories.

```

sudo add-apt-repository ppa:webupd8team/java
sudo add-apt-repository ppa:openhie/release
sudo apt-key adv --keyserver hkps://keyserver.ubuntu.com:80 --recv EA312927
(Mongodb key)
sudo echo deb http://repo.mongodb.org/apt/ubuntu trusty/mongodb-org/3.2
multiverse | sudo tee /etc/apt/sources.list.d/mongodb-org-3.2.list
sudo apt-get update
sudo apt-get install nginx
sudo wget -P /usr/share/ohie-datim-global/ https://dl.eff.org/certbot-auto
sudo chmod a+x /usr/share/ohie-datim-global/certbot-auto
sudo /usr/share/ohie-datim-global/certbot-auto certonly --webroot -w /usr
/share/nginx/html -d servername
sudo apt-get install libxml2
sudo apt-get install libxml2-dev
sudo apt-get install oracle-java8-installer

```

2.2 Install OpenHIM

Other DATIM Links

How to seed the DATIM4U Node

How to install the OHIE Stack for DATIM Global

OHIE DATIM4U Development Calls

Managing Certificates

DATIM4U System Administrator Help

Links on this page

- Step 1 Create the ubuntu environment
- Step 2 Install software
 - 2.1 Add software repositories
 - 2.2 Install OpenHIM
 - 2.3 Install OpenInfoman

```
sudo apt-get install openhim-console
```

- Host - globalservername
- Port - 5008

2.3 Install OpenInfoman

```
sudo apt-get install openinfoman  
sudo apt-get install openinfoman-datim
```

External url - <https://yourserver:8443>

Step 3 Configure software

3.1 nginx configuration

Create/Edit Config files in Nginx

For openhim-console, edit `/etc/nginx/sites-available/openhim-console`

```
# Site config for the OpenHIM-console  
server{  
    listen 80;  
    return 301 https://$host$request_uri;  
}  
server {  
    listen 443 ssl;  
    ssl_certificate /etc/letsencrypt/live/yourglobalserver/fullchain.  
pem;  
    ssl_certificate_key /etc/letsencrypt/live/yourglobalserver/privkey.  
pem;  
    ssl_protocols TLSv1 TLSv1.1 TLSv1.2;  
    ssl_prefer_server_ciphers on;  
    proxy_connect_timeout      36000;  
    proxy_send_timeout         36000;  
    proxy_read_timeout         36000;  
    send_timeout                36000;  
    root /usr/share/openhim-console;  
    index index.html;  
    location / {  
        try_files $uri $uri/ =404;  
    }  
    large_client_header_buffers 4 32k;  
}
```

For openinfoman, create `/etc/nginx/sites-available/openinfoman`

- Step 3 Configure software
 - 3.1 nginx configuration
 - 3.2 OpenHim Configuration
 - 3.2.1 Setting up OpenHIM administrator alerts
 - 3.2.2 Setting up the OpenHIM Certificate
 - 3.2.3 Setting up the OpenHIM Mediators
 - 3.2.4 Setting up OpenHim Channels
 - 3.3 Infoman Configuration
 - 3.3.1 Create DATIM-Global document - Need help with this. Not Being Used for Current UG Implementation
 - 3.3.2 Create Extract documents for each OU node that need to work with this global instance - Not Being Used for Current UG Implementation
 - 3.3.3 Populate Extract documents - Not Being Used for Current UG Implementation
 - 3.3.4 Create FactsInfo Document
- Step 4 - Add Nodes as trading partner

```
server {
    listen 8443 ssl;
    ssl_certificate /etc/letsencrypt/live/yourglobalserver/fullchain.
pem;
    ssl_certificate_key /etc/letsencrypt/live/yourglobalserver
/privkey.pem;
    ssl_protocols TLSv1 TLSv1.1 TLSv1.2;
    ssl_prefer_server_ciphers on;
    proxy_connect_timeout      36000;
    proxy_send_timeout         36000;
    proxy_read_timeout         36000;
    send_timeout               36000;
    location / {
        proxy_pass            http://127.0.01:8984;
        proxy_buffering       off;
        proxy_set_header      X-Real-IP $remote_addr;
        proxy_set_header      X-Forwarded-For
$proxy_add_x_forwarded_for;
        proxy_set_header      Host $host;
        proxy_set_header      X-NginX-Proxy true;
    }
    large_client_header_buffers 4 32k;
}
```

- [Step 5 - Configure ADX Trading Partner Credentials](#)
 - [5.1 Create credentials for ADX Submissions](#)
 - [5.2 Map Credentials to the OpenHIM transaction](#)

- `sudo ln -s /etc/nginx/sites-available/openinfoman /etc/nginx/sites-enabled/openinfoman`

3.2 OpenHim Configuration

3.2.1 Setting up OpenHIM administrator alerts

It is recommended that implementers configure their system to alert systems administrators when transactions fail to exchange. Directions to configure this can be found here: [OpenHIM User Guide -> Alerting and Reports -> Failure Alerting](#).

3.2.2 Setting up the OpenHIM Certificate

Depending upon how you obtained your certificates, the certificate files may end in .pem, .crt, .cer or .der. Also note that the administrator will need to ensure that the certificate expiration dates are managed. When the certificate expires, the administrator will need to exchange certificates again. To install certificates from a CA to replace the self-signed certificates generated during installation, perform the following steps:

We support Chrome for the installation and configuration process. The steps for 3.2.2.1 vary significantly when using different browsers as the browsers view the OpenHim as the browsers view the newly installed application as coming from an unverified source until the actual certificate is installed in the OpenHIM. Also we recommend performing Step 3.2.2.1 in an incognito mode.

3.2.2.1 - Login to OpenHim by going to <http://GlobalDNSName>. (where GlobalDNSName is the DNS name).

Default credentials are: root@openhim.org/openhim-password.

Note: If prompted, click on the "Advanced" (in grey) link, then "proceed..." link. The first time you login you may get the following screen:

The image shows a web browser window with a login page. At the top, there is a heading "SIGN IN". Below it are two input fields: the first contains the email "root@openhim.org" and the second contains a masked password "*****". To the right of the password field is a blue link that says "Forgot your password?". Below the input fields is a green button labeled "LOGIN". Below the login form is a red error message box. The text in the error box reads: "An error occurred while attempting to connect to the OpenHIM Core on https://159.203.89.65:5008. The service may not be running or may not be accessible from you current location. Additionally if Core is using a self-signed certificate, you may first need to instruct your browser to accept it. You can do so by accessing the following link." followed by a blue link. The final line of the error message says: "Please contact your system administrator if the error persists or if the service was not accessible using the above link."

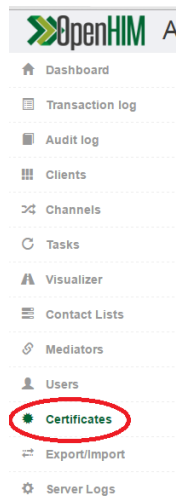
This occurs because our installation certificate is self-signed. These and other issues may occur in Safari and Firefox browsers. Follow instructions given on the error message.

3.2.2.2 Click on the "[link](#)" in the dialog, a new page will open, click on the "*Advanced*" (in grey) link, then "*proceed...*" link. Once the certificate is accepted navigate back to the log in page and sign in again.

Note: If you continue to have issues, you may ask your browser to ignore certificate errors. The steps to do this differs from operating system to operating system. You may also accomplish this by starting your browser with the '*--ignore-certificate-errors --test-type*' flag. This can be done by changing chrome properties via chrome (right click) -> properties -> edit 'target' field to add the aforementioned flag.

3.2.2.3 - When logging in, a prompt will appear to change your password. Follow the on-screen directions to complete these steps.

3.2.2.4 - After successful login, on the left sidebar menu, select *Certificates* to display the certificates interface.

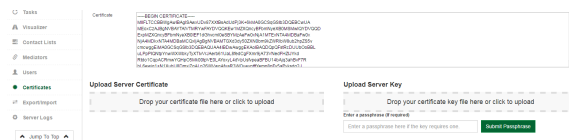


3.2.2.5 - Using the directions on screen, upload your *machines's* certificate and key. Please note that for "*certificate expiration date*", -1 does not indicate "*never*".

The common name should be the *DNS* of your server or include a wild card that includes your *DNS*. For example, www.DNSNAME.ohie.org. (where *DNSNAME* is the *DNS* name of your node).

Note: If your certificates were generated by the script and you are running that on a remote server then you could get the certificates your machine at yourpath location using the following command.

```
scp user@datim.example.com:/etc/letsencrypt/live/datim.example.com/* /yourpath .
```



3.2.2.6 - After uploading both the certificate and the key, the *OpenHim* will verify that the keys match. Note that the system will notify you that the keys will not match until both files are uploaded.

3.2.2.7 - *OpenHim* will prompt you to re-start the system. Proceed with the re-start.

3.2.3 Setting up the OpenHIM Mediators

The following mediators are used by the Global OpenHim:

- openhim-mediator-basicauth-map - Adds basic auth details that are looked up from a map of OpenHim client IDs.
 - OpenInfoMan-DHIS2 Sync Mediator - OpenInfoMan-DHIS2 Sync Mediator
- As root `git clone` both of the mediators to `/usr/share/`
 - <https://github.com/jembii/openhim-mediator-basicauth-map>
 - <https://github.com/jembii/openhim-mediator-openinfoman-dhis2-sync>
- Copy the `openhim-mediator-basicauth-map.conf` and `openhim-mediator-openinfoman-dhis2-sync.conf` from `/etc/init/` on the current working global instance to the new instance (this gets the mediator starting up automatically)

```
# OpenHIM basicauth-map mediator
description "OpenHIM basicauth-map mediator"
# logs to /var/log/upstart/openhim-mediator-basicauth-map.log
console log
start on runlevel [2345]
stop on runlevel [!2345]
respawn
setuid openhim
setgid openhim
script
    export PATH=/home/openhim/.nvm/versions/node/v0.12.7/bin/:$PATH
    export NODE_TLS_REJECT_UNAUTHORIZED=0
    cd /usr/share/openhim-mediator-basicauth-map
    exec bash -c "source /home/openhim/.nvm/nvm.sh && nvm use 4 && npm
start"
end script
```

```
# OpenHIM openinfoman-dhis2-sync mediator
description "OpenHIM openinfoman-dhis2-sync mediator"
# logs to /var/log/upstart/openhim-mediator-openinfoman-dhis2-sync.
log
console log
start on runlevel [2345]
stop on runlevel [!2345]
respawn
setuid openhim
setgid openhim
script
    export PATH=/home/openhim/.nvm/versions/node/v0.12.7/bin/:$PATH
    export NODE_TLS_REJECT_UNAUTHORIZED=0
    cd /usr/share/openhim-mediator-openinfoman-dhis2-sync
    exec bash -c "source /home/openhim/.nvm/nvm.sh && nvm use 4 && npm
start"
end script
```

- Edit the config of each mediator in `/usr/share/openhim-mediator-basicauth-map/config/config.json` and `/usr/share/openhim-mediator-openinfoman-dhis2-sync/config/default.json` to have the username and password of the OpenHIM root user and ensure the port for the api is correct (5008)
- run `sudo start openhim-mediator-basicauth-map` and `sudo start openhim-mediator-basicauth-map`
- View the log files for the mediator in `/var/log/upstart/` to see if they started correctly.

```
# as openhim user
sudo su openhim
nvm install 4
exit
# now as root
sudo su
source /home/openhim/.nvm/nvm.sh
nvm use 4
cd /usr/share/openhim-mediator-openinfoman-dhis2-sync
npm install
npm run prepublish
restart openhim-mediator-openinfoman-dhis2-sync
cd /usr/share/openhim-mediator-basicauth-map
npm install
restart openhim-mediator-basicauth-map
```

- Create a user with email mediators@openhim.org and assign it a password
- Ask maurya to ssh in to test3
- edit /usr/share/openhim-mediator-basicauth-map/config/config.json and add the username and password that you just created
- edit /usr/share/openhim-mediator-openinfoman-dhis2-sync/config and add the username and password that you just created
- After that you may need to restart the mediators with:
 sudo restart openhim-mediator-basicauth-map
 sudo restart openhim-mediator-openinfoman-dhis2-sync
 The mediator should now go green on the mediators page on the OpenHIM

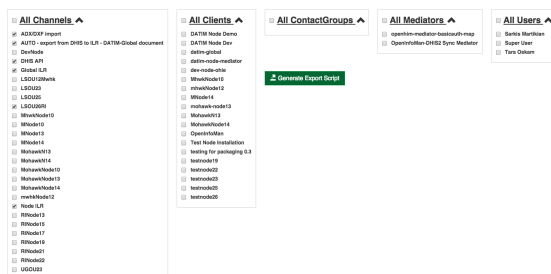
To install these???

3.2.4 Setting up OpenHim Channels

The following channels are used in the DATIM-Global transactions:

- ADX/DXF Import
- DHIS API
- Global ILR
- Node ILR
- AUTO - Export from DHIS to ILR DATIM-Global document

To set up the channels you can export the base channel configuration from an existing global instance by using the export page to select the channels you want to configure (depicted below). Then you can select generate export script. This can then be imported into your new system.



3.2.5 Setting up Global OpenHim Clients

The following clients need to be included

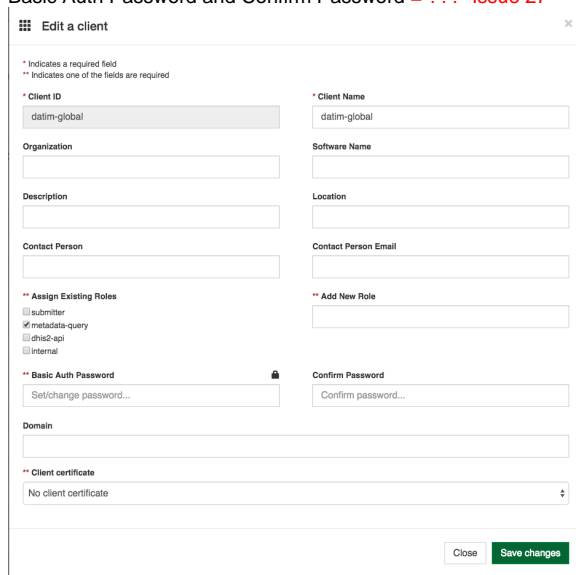
- datim-global
- openinfoman

3.2.5.1 Log into the Global OpenHim and select *clients* from the menu



3.2.5.2 Select to add a new client with the following configurations:

Client-ID = datim-global
Client Name = datim-global
Roles = metadata-query (If this role does not already exist, use the Add New Role box to create it.)
Basic Auth Password and Confirm Password = ??? **Issue 27**



3.2.5.3. Select *Save Changes*



3.2.5.6 Select to add a new client with the following configurations:

Client-ID = openinfoman

Client Name = OpenInfoMan

Roles = metadata-query (If this role does not already exist, use the Add New Role box to create it.)
Basic Auth Password = Set this password to the value that will be used to configure the OpenInfoMan cache refresh

3.2.5.5. Select *Save Changes*

3.3 Infoman Configuration

The Infoman will need to be configured to have the following documents:

- A DATIM-Global document - This document contains all of the **sites** extracted from the Global DHIS2 system. (This document is not currently being used for the UG implementation)
- A DATIM-FactsInfo document - This document is refreshed by a chron job that populates each night with the latest **mechanisms**.
- XXOU-Extract documents for each OU that will be using the system. - These documents will contain sites that are extracted from the DATIM-Global document. These should be the latest update of the information and are used for a one-time load of site data into the XXOU node.
- XXOU-Managed documents - These documents are cache documents that are refreshed from XXOU-Managed documents on each node and used to provide updated site information being managed at the OUs to the Global DHIS2 system.

3.3.1 Create DATIM-Global document - **Need help with this. Not Being Used for Current UG Implementation**

3.3.2 Create Extract documents for each OU node that need to work with this global instance - **Not Being Used for Current UG Implementation**

For each OU node that needs to work with DATIM-Global, there needs to be an extract document that contains the current OU country data that will be the source for seeding the node with their DATIM4U sites.

To create the documents use this command: `curl -sL -o /dev/null --data "directory=XXOU-Extract" -X POST http://localhost:8984/CSD/createDirectory`

3.3.3 Populate Extract documents - **Not Being Used for Current UG Implementation**

To populate each extract document, use these directions: <https://wiki.ohie.org/display/resources/How+to+Configure+DATIM+Global#HowtoConfigureDATIMGlobal-ManuallypopulatingtheXXOU-Extractdocument>

3.3.4 Create FactsInfoDocument

Increase Timeout and allowed size in nginx.conf

Step 4 - Add Nodes as trading partner

To add nodes as trading partners' follow the following directions for [adding a node as a trading partner](#) for each node that this global system will be exchanging data with.

Debug Commands -

- Netstat -lntu (to check open ports)
- sudo dpkg-reconfigure openinfoman - to reconfigure openinfoman
- sudo tail -fn 100 /var/log/upstart/openhim-core.log

Step 5 - Configure ADX Trading Partner Credentials

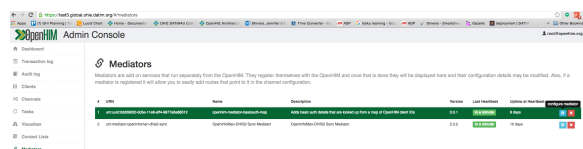
5.1 Create credentials for ADX Submissions

To set up the ADX transactions, you will need to create a DHIS2 Account (for ex - system_ug_import is used for Uganda) for importing ADX information in the global DHIS2 system. The DHIS2 Account will need Data Entry SI and Data Exchange roles.

5.2 Map Credentials to the OpenHIM transaction

Once the credentials are created in the global DHIS2 system, they need to be mapped in the OpenHIM.

1. Log into the global OpenHim.
2. Select Mediators from the menu on the left.
3. Select the blue gear for openhim-mediator-basicauth-map



4. Configure the mediator for each node that will be sending ADX messages as follows:

Client ID - This is the node's client id that has already been configured in the OpenHIM. Get this from the Client menu. An example might be "lesotho-DATIM4U"

Username - This is the DHIS2 user name for the account that will be used for that client.

Password - This is the DHIS2 password for the account that was entered in Username.

5. Select "+ Passwords Map" to configure additional nodes.

Upstream URL ⓘ

https://dev-de.datim.org

Passwords Map ⓘ

Client ID ⓘ

✕

Username ⓘ

Password ⓘ

Client ID ⓘ

✕

Username ⓘ

Password ⓘ

+ Passwords Map